


<a href="#">Lutetium Fluoride</a>		<a href="#">Pricing &gt;</a>
<a href="#">Lutetium Fluoride Sputtering Target</a>		<a href="#">Pricing &gt;</a>
<b>Linear Formula</b>	LuF <sub>3</sub>	
<b>Pubchem CID</b>	83712	
<b>MDL Number</b>	MFCD00016191	
<b>EC No.</b>	237-355-8	
<b>IUPAC Name</b>	Trifluorolutetium	
<b>Beilstein/Reaxys No.</b>	N/A	
<b>SMILES</b>	F[Lu](F)F	
<b>Inchl Identifier</b>	InChI=1S/3FH.Lu/h3*1H;/q;;;+3/p-3	
<b>Inchl Key</b>	VIHLFTMKXFWYAS-UHFFFAOYSA-K	
<b>Signal Word</b>	Danger	
<b>Hazard Statements</b>	H301 + H311 + H331	
<b>Hazard Codes</b>	T	
<b>Precautionary Statements</b>	P261-P280-P302 + P352 + P312-P304 + P340 + P312-P403 + P233	
<b>Flash Point</b>	Not applicable	
<b>Risk Codes</b>	23/24/25-32	
<b>Safety Statements</b>	26-36/37/39-45	
<b>RTECS Number</b>	OK8837500	
<b>Transport Information</b>	UN 3288 6.1 / PGIII	
<b>WGK Germany</b>	3	
<b>GHS Pictograms</b>	<a href="#">GHS06 Skull and Crossbones</a> 	

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## SAFETY DATA SHEET

Date Accessed: 04/25/2024

## SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

**Product Identifiers:** All applicable American Elements product codes for CAS #13760-81-1

**Relevant identified uses of the substance:**  
Scientific research and development

Supplier details:  
American Elements  
10884 Weyburn Ave.  
Los Angeles, CA 90024  
Tel: +1 310-208-0551  
Fax: +1 310-208-0351

Emergency telephone number:  
Domestic, North America +1 800-424-9300  
International +1 703-527-3887

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## SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture  
GHS Classification in accordance with 29 CFR 1910 (OSHA HCS)

Acute toxicity, Oral (Category 3), H301  
Acute toxicity, Inhalation (Category 3), H331  
Acute toxicity, Dermal (Category 3), H311

2.2 GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements



Pictogram  
Signal word Danger  
Hazard statement(s)  
H301 + H311 + H331 Toxic if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled  
Precautionary statement(s)  
P261 Avoid breathing dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ Vapors/ spray.  
P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.  
P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.  
P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.  
P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing.  
P301 + P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.  
P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap

and water.

P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

P312 Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.

P322 Specific measures (see supplemental first aid instructions on this label).

P330 Rinse mouth.

P361 Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.

P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

P403 + P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P405 Store locked up.

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

2.3 Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC) or not covered by GHS

Contact with acids liberates very toxic gas.

Strong hydrogen fluoride-releaser

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## **SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

### 3.1 Substances

Formula : F3Lu

Molecular weight : 231.96 g/mol

CAS-No. : 13760-81-1

EC-No. : 237-355-8

Hazardous components

Component Classification Concentration

Lutetium trifluoride

Acute Tox. 3; H301 + H311 + H331

<= 100 %

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## **SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES**

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice

Consult a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Move out of dangerous area. Hydrofluoric

(HF) acid burns require immediate and specialized first aid and medical treatment. Symptoms may be delayed up to 24

hours depending on the concentration of HF. After decontamination with water, further damage can occur due to

penetration/absorption of the fluoride ion. Treatment

should be directed toward binding the fluoride ion as well as the effects of exposure. Skin exposures can be treated with a 2.5% calcium gluconate gel repeated until burning ceases. More serious skin exposures may require subcutaneous calcium gluconate except for digital areas unless the physician is experienced in this technique, due to the potential for tissue injury from increased pressure. Absorption can readily occur through the subungual areas and should be considered when undergoing decontamination. Prevention of absorption of the fluoride ion in cases of ingestion can be obtained by giving milk, chewable calcium carbonate tablets or Milk of Magnesia to conscious victims. Conditions such as hypocalcemia, hypomagnesemia and cardiac arrhythmias should be monitored for, since they can occur after exposure.

If inhaled  
If breathed in, move person into fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Consult a physician.

In case of skin contact  
Wash off with soap and plenty of water. Take victim immediately to hospital. Consult a physician. First treatment with calcium gluconate paste.

In case of eye contact  
Flush eyes with water as a precaution.

If swallowed  
Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse mouth with water. Consult a physician.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed  
The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2.2) and/or in section 11

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed  
No data available

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## **SECTION 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

### **5.1 Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing media

Dry powder

### **5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture**

No data available

### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary.

### 5.4 Further information

No data available

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## **SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear respiratory protection. Avoid dust formation.

Avoid breathing Vapors, mist or gas. Ensure adequate ventilation.

Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Avoid breathing dust.

For personal protection see section 8.

### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains.

### 6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Pick up and arrange disposal without creating dust.

Sweep up and shovel. Do not flush with water. Keep in suitable,

closed containers for disposal.

### 6.4 Reference to other sections

For disposal see section 13.

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## **SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE**

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid formation of dust and aerosols.

Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation at places where dust is formed.

For precautions see section 2.2.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place.

Never allow product to get in contact with water during storage. Do not store near acids.

Keep in a dry place. Do not store in glass

### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Apart from the uses mentioned in section 1.2 no other specific uses are stipulated

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## SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

### 8.1 Control parameters

Components with workplace control parameters

Component CAS-No. Value Control  
parameters

Basis

Lutetium trifluoride 13760-81-1 TWA 2.500000

mg/m<sup>3</sup>

USA. Occupational Exposure Limits

(OSHA) - Table Z-1 Limits for Air

Contaminants

Remarks CAS number varies with compound

TWA 2.500000

mg/m<sup>3</sup>

USA. Occupational Exposure Limits

(OSHA) - Table Z-2

Z37.28-1969

TWA 2.500000

mg/m<sup>3</sup>

USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

(TLV)

Bone damage

Fluorosis

Substances for which there is a Biological Exposure

Index or Indices

(see BEI® section)

Not classifiable as a human carcinogen

varies

TWA 2.500000

mg/m<sup>3</sup>

USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

(TLV)

Bone damage

Fluorosis

Substances for which there is a Biological Exposure

Index or Indices

(see BEI® section)

Not classifiable as a human carcinogen

varies

TWA 2.5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> USA. Occupational Exposure Limits

(OSHA) - Table Z-1 Limits for Air

Contaminants

CAS number varies with compound

TWA 2.5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

(TLV)

Bone damage

Fluorosis

Substances for which there is a Biological Exposure

Index or Indices

(see BEI® section)

Not classifiable as a human carcinogen

varies

Biological occupational exposure limits

Component CAS-No. Parameters Value Biological specimen

Basis

Lutetium trifluoride 13760-81-1 Fluoride 3.0000 mg/g

In urine ACGIH - Biological

Exposure Indices

(BEI)

Remarks Prior to shift (16 hours after exposure ceases)

Fluoride 10.0000

mg/g

In urine ACGIH - Biological

Exposure Indices

(BEI)

End of shift (As soon as possible after exposure ceases)

Fluoride 2 mg/l Urine ACGIH - Biological

Exposure Indices

(BEI)

Prior to shift (16 hours after exposure ceases)

Fluoride 3 mg/l Urine ACGIH - Biological

Exposure Indices

(BEI)

End of shift (As soon as possible after exposure ceases)

## 8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product.

Personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection

Face shield and safety glasses Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU).

Skin protection

Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after

use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Wash and dry hands.

Material: Nitrile rubber

Minimum layer thickness: 0.11 mm

Break through time: 480 min

Material tested:Dermatril® (KCL 740 / Aldrich Z677272, Size M)

Splash contact

Material: Nitrile rubber

Minimum layer thickness: 0.11 mm

Break through time: 480 min

Material tested:Dermatril® (KCL 740 / Aldrich

Z677272, Size M)

data source: KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell, phone  
+49 (0)6659 87300, e-mail sales@kcl.de, test

method:

EN374

If used in solution, or mixed with other substances,  
and under conditions which differ from EN 374,  
contact the  
supplier of the CE approved gloves. This  
recommendation is advisory only and must be  
evaluated by an  
industrial hygienist and safety officer familiar with the  
specific situation of anticipated use by our customers.  
It

should not be construed as offering an approval for  
any specific use scenario.

Body Protection

Complete suit protecting against chemicals, The type  
of protective equipment must be selected according to  
the concentration and amount of the dangerous  
substance at the specific workplace.

Respiratory protection

Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators  
are appropriate use a full-face particle respirator type  
N100 (US) or type P3 (EN 143) respirator cartridges  
as a backup to engineering controls. If the respirator  
is the

sole means of protection, use a full-face supplied air  
respirator. Use respirators and components tested  
and

approved under appropriate government standards  
such as NIOSH (US) or CEN (EU).

Control of environmental exposure

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do  
not let product enter drains.

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## **SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical  
properties

a) Appearance Form: powder

Colour: white

b) Odor No data available

c) Odor Threshold No data available

d) pH No data available

e) Melting point/freezing  
point

No data available

f) Initial boiling point and  
boiling range

No data available

g) Flash point N/A



h) Evaporation rate No data available  
i) Flammability (solid, gas) No data available  
j) Upper/lower  
flammability or  
explosive limits  
No data available  
k) Vapor pressure No data available  
l) Vapor density No data available  
m) Relative density No data available  
n) Water solubility No data available  
o) Partition coefficient: octanol/  
water  
No data available  
p) Auto-ignition No data available  
temperature  
q) Decomposition  
temperature  
No data available  
r) Viscosity No data available  
s) Explosive properties No data available  
t) Oxidizing properties No data available  
9.2 Other safety information  
No data available

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## **SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

10.1 Reactivity  
No data available  
10.2 Chemical stability  
Stable under recommended storage conditions.  
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions  
No data available  
10.4 Conditions to avoid  
Avoid moisture.  
Reacts dangerously with glass.  
10.5 Incompatible materials  
Strong reducing agentsglass  
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products  
Hazardous decomposition products formed under fire  
conditions. - Hydrogen fluoride, lutetium oxides  
Other decomposition products - No data available  
In the event of fire: see section 5

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## **SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

11.1 Information on toxicological effects  
Acute toxicity  
No data available  
No data available  
Skin corrosion/irritation

No data available  
Serious eye damage/eye irritation  
No data available  
Respiratory or skin sensitisation  
No data available  
Germ cell mutagenicity  
No data available  
Carcinogenicity  
IARC: 3 - Group 3: Not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans (Lutetium trifluoride)  
NTP: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.  
OSHA: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by OSHA.  
Reproductive toxicity  
No data available  
No data available  
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure  
No data available  
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure  
No data available  
Aspiration hazard  
No data available  
Additional Information  
RTECS: OK8837500  
Fluoride ion can reduce serum calcium levels possibly causing fatal hypocalcemia.  
Salivation, Nausea, Abdominal pain, Vomiting, Fever, Rapid respiration, Fluoride ion can reduce serum calcium levels  
possibly causing fatal hypocalcemia., burning sensation, Cough, wheezing, laryngitis, Shortness of breath, Headache

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## **SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

12.1 Toxicity  
No data available  
12.2 Persistence and degradability  
No data available  
12.3 Bioaccumulative potential  
No data available  
12.4 Mobility in soil  
No data available  
12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment  
PBT/vPvB assessment not available as chemical safety assessment not required/not conducted  
12.6 Other adverse effects  
No data available

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## **SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

#### Product

Offer surplus and non-recyclable solutions to a licensed disposal company. Contact a licensed professional waste disposal service to dispose of this material. Dissolve or mix the material with a combustible solvent and burn in a chemical incinerator equipped with an afterburner and scrubber.

#### Contaminated packaging

Dispose of as unused product.

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## **SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

### DOT (US)

UN number: 3288 Class: 6.1 Packing group: III

Proper shipping name: Toxic solid, inorganic, n.o.s. (Lutetium trifluoride)

Poison Inhalation Hazard: No

### IMDG

UN number: 3288 Class: 6.1 Packing group: III EMS-No: F-A, S-A

Proper shipping name: TOXIC SOLID, INORGANIC, N.O.S. (Lutetium trifluoride)

### IATA

UN number: 3288 Class: 6.1 Packing group: III

Proper shipping name: Toxic solid, inorganic, n.o.s. (Lutetium trifluoride)

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## **SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

### SARA 302 Components

No chemicals in this material are subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Title III, Section 302.

### SARA 313 Components

This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De

Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

### SARA 311/312 Hazards

#### Acute Health Hazard

#### Massachusetts Right To Know Components

No components are subject to the Massachusetts Right to Know Act.

Pennsylvania Right To Know Components

Lutetium trifluoride

CAS-No.

13760-81-1

Revision Date

2008-06-01

New Jersey Right To Know Components

Lutetium trifluoride

CAS-No.

13760-81-1

Revision Date

2008-06-01

California Prop. 65 Components

This product does not contain any chemicals known to State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or any other reproductive harm.

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## 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Safety Data Sheet according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH). The above information is believed to be correct but does not purport to be all inclusive and shall be used only as a guide. The information in this document is based on the present state of our knowledge and is applicable to the product with regard to appropriate safety precautions. It does not represent any guarantee of the properties of the product. American Elements shall not be held liable for any damage resulting from handling or from contact with the above product. See reverse side of invoice or packing slip for additional terms and conditions of sale. COPYRIGHT 1997-2022 AMERICAN ELEMENTS. LICENSED GRANTED TO MAKE UNLIMITED PAPER COPIES FOR INTERNAL USE ONLY.