SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product Identifier: (4N) 99.99% Tantalum(V) Fluoride

Product Code: TA5-F-04

CAS Number: 7783-71-3

Relevant identified uses of the substance: Scientific research and development

Supplier details:

American Elements
10884 Weyburn Ave.
Los Angeles, CA 90024
Tel: +1 310-208-0551
Fax: +1 310-208-0351
Emergency telephone number:
+1 800-424-9300

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture
GHS Classification in accordance with 29 CFR 1910 (OSHA HCS)
Skin corrosion (Category 1B), H314
Serious eye damage (Category 1), H318

2.2 GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements
Pictogram

Signal word Danger
Hazard statement(s)
H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H318 Causes serious eye damage.
Precautionary statement(s)
P260 Do not breathe dust or mist.
P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.
P301 + P330 + P331 IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.
SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substances
Formula : F5Ta
Molecular weight : 275.94 g/mol
CAS-No. : 7783-71-3
EC-No. : 232-022-3
Hazardous components
Component Classification Concentration
Tantalum pentafluoride
Skin Corr. 1B; Eye Dam. 1;
H314
<= 100 %

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures
General advice
Consult a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Move out of dangerous area. Hydrofluoric (HF) acid burns require immediate and specialized first aid and medical treatment. Symptoms may be delayed up to 24 hours depending on the concentration of HF. After decontamination with water, further damage can occur due to penetration/absorption of the fluoride ion. Treatment should be directed toward binding the fluoride ion as well as the effects of exposure. Skin exposures can be treated with a 2.5% calcium gluconate gel repeated until burning ceases. More serious skin exposures may require subcutaneous calcium gluconate except for digital areas unless the physician is experienced in this technique, due to the potential for tissue injury from increased pressure. Absorption can readily occur through the subungual areas and should be considered when undergoing decontamination. Prevention of absorption of the fluoride ion in cases of ingestion can be obtained by giving milk, chewable calcium carbonate tablets or Milk of Magnesia to conscious victims. Conditions such as hypocalcemia, hypomagnesemia and
cardiac arrhythmias should be monitored for, since they can occur after exposure.
If inhaled
If breathed in, move person into fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Consult a physician.
In case of skin contact
Take off contaminated clothing and shoes immediately. Wash off with soap and plenty of water. Consult a physician. First treatment with calcium gluconate paste.
In case of eye contact
Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes and consult a physician. Continue rinsing eyes during transport to hospital.
If swallowed
Do NOT induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse mouth with water. Consult a physician.
4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed
The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2.2) and/or in section 11
4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed
No data available

SECTION 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media
Suitable extinguishing media
Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.
5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture
No data available
5.3 Advice for firefighters
Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary.
5.4 Further information
No data available

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures
Use personal protective equipment. Avoid dust formation. Avoid breathing Vapors, mist or gas. Ensure adequate ventilation. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Avoid breathing dust. For personal protection see section 8.
6.2 Environmental precautions
Do not let product enter drains.
6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up
Pick up and arrange disposal without creating dust. Sweep up and shovel. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.
6.4 Reference to other sections
For disposal see section 13.
SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling
Avoid formation of dust and aerosols. Further processing of solid materials may result in the formation of combustible dusts. The potential for combustible dust formation should be taken into consideration before additional processing occurs.
Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation at places where dust is formed.
For precautions see section 2.2.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place.
Moisture sensitive. Keep in a dry place. Do not store in glass.
Storage class (TRGS 510): Non-combustible, corrosive hazardous materials

7.3 Specific end use(s)
Apart from the uses mentioned in section 1.2 no other specific uses are stipulated.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters
Components with workplace control parameters
Component CAS-No. Value Control parameters
Basis
Tantalum pentfluoride
7783-71-3 TWA 2.500000 mg/m³
USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants
Remarks CAS number varies with compound
TWA 2.500000 mg/m³
USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-2
Z37.28-1969
TWA 2.500000 mg/m³
USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
Bone damage
Fluorosis
Substances for which there is a Biological Exposure Index or Indices (see BEI® section)
Not classifiable as a human carcinogen varies
TWA 2.500000 mg/m³
USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
Bone damage
Fluorosis
Substances for which there is a Biological Exposure Index or Indices
(see BEI® section)
Not classifiable as a human carcinogen
varies
TWA 2.5 mg/m³ USA. Occupational Exposure Limits
(OSHA) - Table Z-1 Limits for Air
Contaminants
CAS number varies with compound
TWA 2.5 mg/m³ USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values
(TLV)
Bone damage
Fluorosis
Substances for which there is a Biological Exposure Index or Indices
(see BEI® section)
Not classifiable as a human carcinogen
varies
Biological occupational exposure limits
Component CAS-No. Parameters Value Biological specimen
Basis
Tantalum pentafluoride
7783-71-3 Fluoride 3.0000 mg/g
In urine ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices
(BEI)
Remarks Prior to shift (16 hours after exposure ceases)
Fluoride 10.0000 mg/g
In urine ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices
(BEI)
End of shift (As soon as possible after exposure ceases)
Fluoride 2 mg/l Urine ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices
(BEI)
Prior to shift (16 hours after exposure ceases)
Fluoride 3 mg/l Urine ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices
(BEI)
End of shift (As soon as possible after exposure ceases)
8.2 Exposure controls
Appropriate engineering controls
Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.
Personal protective equipment
Eye/face protection
Face shield and safety glasses Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU).
Skin protection
Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique (without touching glove’s outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Wash and dry hands.

Body Protection
Complete suit protecting against chemicals, The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace.

Respiratory protection
Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate use a full-face particle respirator type N100 (US) or type P3 (EN 143) respirator cartridges as a backup to engineering controls. If the respirator is the sole means of protection, use a full-face supplied air respirator. Use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or CEN (EU).

Control of environmental exposure
Do not let product enter drains.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties
a) Appearance Form: powder
Colour: off-white
b) Odor No data available
c) Odor Threshold No data available
d) pH No data available
e) Melting point/freezing point
Melting point/range: 96.8 °C (206.2 °F)
f) Initial boiling point and boiling range
229.5 °C (445.1 °F) at 1,013 hPa (760 mmHg)
g) Flash point N/A
h) Evaporation rate No data available
i) Flammability (solid, gas) No data available
j) Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits
No data available
k) Vapor pressure No data available
l) Vapor density No data available
m) Relative density 4.74 g/cm3 at 25 °C (77 °F)
n) Water solubility No data available
o) Partition coefficient: noctanol/water
No data available
p) Auto-ignition temperature
No data available
q) Decomposition temperature
SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity  
No data available  
10.2 Chemical stability  
Stable under recommended storage conditions.  
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions  
No data available  
10.4 Conditions to avoid  
Avoid moisture.  Reacts dangerously with glass.  
10.5 Incompatible materials  
Strong oxidizing agents glass  
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products  
Hazardous decomposition products formed under fire conditions. - Hydrogen fluoride, Tantalum Oxides  
Other decomposition products - No data available  
In the event of fire: see section 5

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects  
Acute toxicity  
No data available  
Inhalation: No data available  
Dermal: No data available  
No data available  
Skin corrosion/irritation  
No data available  
Serious eye damage/eye irritation  
No data available  
Respiratory or skin sensitisation  
No data available  
Germ cell mutagenicity  
No data available  
Carcinogenicity  
IARC: 3 - Group 3: Not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans (Tantalum pentafluoride)  
NTP: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.  
OSHA: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by OSHA.  
Reproductive toxicity  
No data available  
No data available
Fluoride ion can reduce serum calcium levels possibly causing fatal hypocalcemia. Material is extremely destructive to tissue of the mucous membranes and upper respiratory tract, eyes, and skin., spasm, inflammation and edema of the larynx, spasm, inflammation and edema of the bronchi, pneumonitis, pulmonary edema, burning sensation, Cough, wheezing, laryngitis, Shortness of breath, Headache, Nausea.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Toxicity
No data available
12.2 Persistence and degradability
No data available
12.3 Bioaccumulative potential
No data available
12.4 Mobility in soil
No data available
12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment
PBT/vPvB assessment not available as chemical safety assessment not required/not conducted
12.6 Other adverse effects
No data available

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods
Product
Offer surplus and non-recyclable solutions to a licensed disposal company. Contact a licensed professional waste disposal service to dispose of this material. Dissolve or mix the material with a combustible solvent and burn in a chemical incinerator equipped with an afterburner and scrubber.
Contaminated packaging
Dispose of as unused product.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT (US)
UN number: 3260 Class: 8 Packing group: II
Proper shipping name: Corrosive solid, acidic, inorganic, n.o.s. (Tantalum pentafluoride)
Reportable Quantity (RQ): Poison Inhalation Hazard: No
IMDG
SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

SARA 302 Components
No chemicals in this material are subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Title III, Section 302.

SARA 313 Components
This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

SARA 311/312 Hazards
Acute Health Hazard

Massachusetts Right To Know Components
No components are subject to the Massachusetts Right to Know Act.

Pennsylvania Right To Know Components
Tantalum pentafluoride
CAS-No. 7783-71-3
Revision Date 2008-06-01

New Jersey Right To Know Components
Tantalum pentafluoride
CAS-No. 7783-71-3
Revision Date 2008-06-01

California Prop. 65 Components
This product does not contain any chemicals known to State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or any other reproductive harm.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Safety Data Sheet according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH). The above information is believed to be correct but does not purport to be all inclusive and shall be used only as a guide. The information in this document is based on the present state of our knowledge and is applicable to the product with regard to appropriate safety precautions. It does not represent any guarantee of the properties of the product. American Elements shall not be held liable for any damage resulting from handling or from contact with the above product. See reverse side of invoice or packing slip for additional terms and conditions of sale. COPYRIGHT 1997-2019 AMERICAN ELEMENTS. LICENSED GRANTED TO MAKE UNLIMITED PAPER COPIES FOR INTERNAL USE ONLY.